United Nations A/68/985

General Assembly

Distr.: General
9 September 2014

Original: English

Sixty-eighth session
Agenda item 80
United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law

Letter dated 29 August 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Mauritania to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour, in my capacity as representative of the current Chair of the African Union, to transmit herewith the decision on the report on the activities of the African Union Commission on International Law (EX.CL/861(XXV)), adopted by the Executive Council of the African Union at its twenty-fifth ordinary session, held in Malabo from 20 to 24 June 2014.

Given the importance of international law training for African lawyers and the forthcoming consideration of this matter in the Sixth Committee, I should be grateful if the present letter and the decision contained in its annex, which calls upon all United Nations Member States to strongly support the Programme of Assistance, would be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 80.

(*Signed*) Sidi Mohamed Ould **Boubacar**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania
to the United Nations
Representative of the current Chair of the African Union

14-60663 (E) 120914

Please recycle

Annex to the letter dated 29 August 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Mauritania to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Decision on the activity report of the African Union Commission on International Law (EX.CL/861(XXV))

The Executive Council,

1. *Takes note* of the activity report of the African Union Commission on International Law for the period from May 2013 to June 2014 together with the recommendations contained therein;

2. *Recognizes* the importance of legal studies on various issues carried out by the Commission on the request of the policy organs of the Union and also those initiated by itself;

3. *Recalls* Executive Council decision EX.CL/Dec.777(XXIII), which requests that the relevant sub-committee of the Permanent Representatives Committee consider strengthening this organ, including expanding the structure of its secretariat in accordance with Executive Council decision EX.CL/Dec.720(XXI);

4. *Requests* the relevant sub-committee of the Permanent Representatives Committee to consider the proposed expansion of the structure of the secretariat and report to policy organs in June/July 2015;

5. *Recalls* Executive Council decision EX.CL/Dec.777(XXIII), as well as United Nations General Assembly resolution 2099 (XX) of 20 December 1965, adopted following an initiative by the Republic of Ghana, in which the Assembly established the United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law to contribute towards a better knowledge of international law as a means of strengthening international peace and security and promoting friendly relations and cooperation among States;

6. *Once again requests* the African Group in New York, through the Commission, and also calls upon all United Nations Member States to strongly support the successive requests by the General Assembly to the Secretary General to provide in the programme budget for the biennium 2014-2015 and future bienniums the resources necessary to ensure the continued effectiveness and further development of the Programme of Assistance, in particular the organization of the United Nations Regional Course in International Law for Africa and other similar United Nations regional courses on a regular basis and the viability of the United Nations Audiovisual Library of International Law, as contained in resolutions 66/97, 67/91 and 68/110;

7. *Encourages*:

(a) The African Union Commission on International Law, within the limits of available resources, to bolster its activities in the development and codification of international law with specific focus on African Union law. In this regard, draft conventions should be initiated in areas of specific interest to the African Union;

(b) Member States and other organs of the Union to extend the necessary support to the Commission in the preparation of its studies by, inter alia, providing information that the Commission may need for this purpose on issues of international law of interest to the African Union.

United Nations A/68/985/Corr.1

General Assembly

Distr.: General
15 October 2014

Original: English

Sixty-eighth session
Agenda item 80
United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law

Letter dated 29 August 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Mauritania to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Corrigendum

Document A/68/985 is hereby withdrawn.

For the letter dated 29 August 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Mauritania to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General, see A/69/524.

14-62720 (E) 151014

Please recycle

United Nations A/68/986

General Assembly

Distr.: General
10 September 2014

Original: English

Sixty-eighth session
Agenda item 22 (b)
Group of countries in special situations: comprehensive 10-year Review Conference on the Implementation of the Almaty Programme of Action

Letter dated 4 September 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Azerbaijan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to draw your attention to the fact that the report of the intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for the second United Nations Conference on Landlocked Developing Countries on its first session (A/CONF.225/PC/5) does not contain a complete and precise reflection of the statement made by the delegate of Azerbaijan at the meeting of 12 June 2014. The full text of the statement is annexed to the present letter.

In this connection, I deem it necessary to refer to General Assembly resolution 68/225 entitled "Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation" and, in particular, to its paragraph 6, in which the Assembly reaffirmed its full commitment to urgently address the special development needs of and the challenges faced by landlocked developing countries through the full, timely and effective implementation of the Almaty Programme of Action, as contained in the declaration on the midterm review.

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the sixty-eighth session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 22 (b).

(*Signed*) Yashar **Aliyev**
Permanent Representative

14-60746 (E) 150914

Please recycle

Annex to the letter dated 4 September 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Azerbaijan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Statement made on 12 June 2014 by the delegate of Azerbaijan during the first session of the intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for the second United Nations Conference on Landlocked Developing Countries

Azerbaijan emphasizes the importance of the Almaty Programme of Action in providing a valuable framework for addressing the special needs of landlocked developing countries, with a particular stress on developing transit potential and improving transport and communication routes, as well as facilitating border-crossing procedures. We would like to draw attention to an important transport infrastructure project, the Baku-Tbilisi-Kars new railway link, which is being realized together with Georgia and Turkey. This project will provide railway connection linking trans-European and trans-Asian railway networks.

It is worth mentioning the ongoing construction of the new Baku Sea Trade Port Complex, a main marine gateway situated at the intersection of east-west and north-south transport corridors.

We would also like to inform you about the trans-Anatolian gas pipeline and trans-Adriatic pipeline projects as strategic midstream components of the southern gas corridor. Special emphasis is laid on gradual and substantial increase of Azerbaijan's input and share in the European energy market. In addition, we wish to outline the significance of information and communication technologies in enabling socioeconomic development in developing countries. In this regard, my country distinguishes the transnational-Eurasian information super highway, which will serve as a major element of the east-west transport corridor and facilitate the supply of the countries of the region with information and communications technology services.

It is imperative to stress that, along with constraints deriving from the landlocked location, the occupation of the territories of Azerbaijan, namely the Nagorno Karabakh region and other seven adjacent districts, by Armenia remains one of the main obstacles hindering the full use and development of transport routes and communications within the internationally recognized borders of the Republic of Azerbaijan.

Underscoring the significance of the Generalized System of Preferences extended to landlocked developing countries, we note that, owing to its classification as an "upper-middle income" country for the last three years, Azerbaijan has not qualified to benefit from preferential treatment by the European Union and Canada since February 2014. This situation has a negative impact on economic diversification as well as on the country's non-oil export promotion efforts. The reconsideration of this decision is deemed desirable.

United Nations A/68/987–S/2014/654

General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.: General
2 September 2014
English
Original: Arabic

General Assembly
Sixty-eighth session
Agenda item 35
The situation in the Middle East

Security Council
Sixty-ninth year

Identical letters dated 28 August 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council

On instructions from my Government, I transmit herewith a statistical summary of Israeli violations of resolution 1701 (2006) committed in July 2014 (see annex).

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the sixty-eighth session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 35, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Nawaf **Salam**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

14-60604 (E) 090914 120914

Please recycle

Annex to the identical letters dated 28 August 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council

Land violations

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
1 July 2014	0800	From within occupied Palestinian territory at point B50-1, opposite the town of Marun al-Ra's, 14 Israeli enemy soldiers crossed the technical fence and installed concertina wire over a distance of 200 metres between the technical fence and the Blue Line, without crossing the latter. They departed into occupied territory at 1315 hours.
	1400	Israeli enemy forces used an excavator to clear grasses along the technical fence in the Marwahin area, near point B26-2. The arm of the excavator extended over the technical fence and the Blue Line into Lebanese territory. The violation was confirmed by the team of international observers.
2 July 2014	0815 1200	Inside occupied Palestinian territory at point BP10, on the roads along the technical fence, the Israeli enemy used an excavator to clear ditches adjacent to the technical fence, without crossing the Blue Line. The arm of the excavator crossed the technical fence.
	1500	While the civilian Samir Dhiyab was grazing his livestock at the Hasan gate, in the locality of Birkat Ba'thanil, the herd strayed south of the line of withdrawal. Israeli enemy forces took one animal, which was subsequently returned.
3 July 2014	1700	In Labbunah – Jall al-'Alam, from within occupied Palestinian territory, Israeli enemy forces assaulted a Lebanese Army unit, throwing stones, shouting abuse and making obscene and provocative gestures. The Lebanese unit had been conducting a routine patrol along the Blue Line using a military vehicle.
4 July 2014	1830	Near Birkat al-Naqqar, within the occupied Shab'a Farms, an Israeli enemy patrol seized 79 head of goats belonging to the civilian Qasim Zahra. The goats were returned on 5 July 2014 through the Hasan 2 Gate outside the town of Kafr Shuba.
5 July 2014	1145	Outside Shab'a town, in the locality of Ra's Wadi Hawrana, an Israeli enemy patrol crossed the line of withdrawal and attempted unsuccessfully to abduct the shepherd Mahir Hamdan along with his herd, which he was grazing. They were unsuccessful, as the subject fled in the opposite direction. The incident was witnessed by the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL). At 1335 hours, the enemy patrol departed into the occupied Shab'a Farms.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
6 July 2014	0910 1630	Within occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ramiyah between points BP11-1 and BP10-2-1, the Israeli enemy used a jackhammer mounted on an excavator to repair the dirt road along the technical fence. The arm of the device crossed the fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
	1005	On the outskirts of Kafr Shuba town, a six-person Israeli enemy patrol crossed the line of withdrawal by a distance of some 75 metres and attempted unsuccessfully to abduct the Syrian shepherd Husam Ukashah, who had been grazing his herd. A member of the patrol then fired into the air. The shepherd fled towards Kafr Shuba town, and the enemy patrol withdrew towards the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	2125 2155	From its position at the Duhayrah Gate, the Israeli enemy directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territory at random.
7 July 2014	0730 1630	Within Palestinian territory, opposite points BP10-2 and BP11-1, the Israeli enemy used a jackhammer mounted on an excavator to repair the dirt road along the technical fence. The arm of the device crossed the fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
8 July 2014	1600	While Israeli enemy forces were using an excavator to clear grasses between the technical fence and the Blue Line opposite Yarun town, between points B45 and B46, the arm of the digger crossed the Blue Line by about one metre for half a minute and uprooted a small tree within Lebanese territory.
10 July 2014	1549	From their position at Hadab, Israeli enemy forces fired several rounds that landed in Lebanese territory south of Yarun, some 70 metres from the Blue Line.
11 July 2014	0700 0745	From their position at Hadab, Israeli enemy forces fired 21 155-mm rifle rounds that landed on the outskirts of Kafr Shuba town, in the locality of Sawwanah, within Lebanese territory.
12 July 2014	0730	An Israeli enemy patrol comprising four Hummer vehicles approached from within occupied Palestinian territory opposite the town of Kafr Killa – Fatimah Gate 5. Seven soldiers stepped out and trained their weapons on Lebanese territory. At 0810 hours, they withdrew into occupied territory.
	2310	From 2310 hours on 12 July until 0015 hours on 13 July, Israeli enemy forces fired 25 155-mm shells towards Lebanese territory. 18 shells landed north and south of Zibqin town. The remaining seven landed on the outskirts of Sham' town – Tayr Harfa, between Abu Sanduf hill and Dahr al-Dab'ah.
13 July 2014	1150 1350	Within occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ayta al-Sha'b between points B30 and B30-1, the Israeli enemy used an excavator to repair the dirt road. The arm of the excavator crossed the technical fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
14 July 2014	0040 0130	From their positions at Tall al-Manarah and Birkat Risha, Israeli enemy forces fired 25 shells, which landed in the locality of Jubb Suwayd between the towns of Majdal Zun and Mansuri. They also fired six flares over Haniyah and Amiriyah, within Lebanese territory.
	1230 1300	In the surroundings of Ruwaysat al-Alam, opposite Kafr Shuba town, some 15 Israeli enemy soldiers surveyed the area opposite without crossing the Blue Line.
	2230	The Israeli enemy bombarded the outskirts of the towns of Qalilah and Ma'liyah towns, within Lebanese territory, firing 31 shells, 25 of which were explosive and six flares.
15 July 2014	1320	While on patrol, a team of the Observer Group Lebanon spotted three soldiers of the enemy Israeli Army and an AIL Storm vehicle at the point having the coordinates Q:737530-N:3680950, near point TP35 – Udaysah. One of the soldiers trained his rifle on the team for 30 seconds using laser sights.
	2245 2255	From within the occupied Shab'a Farms, the Israeli enemy fired two flare shells over observation point OP3 of the Indian contingent, near the Lebanese Army position on the outskirts of Shab'a town, locality of Saddanah, within Lebanese territory.
16 July 2014	2145	The Israeli enemy fired three flare shells over the localities of Saddanah and Rus, on the outskirts of the towns of Shab'a and Habbariyah, within Lebanese territory.
17 July 2014	0945 1630	Inside occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Rumaysh and near point TP16 (Wadi Sa'sa'), the Israeli enemy used an excavator and a truck to repair the dirt road. The arm of the excavator crossed the technical fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
18 July 2014	1410	On the outskirts of Kafr Shuba town, near Birkat al-Naqqar, an Israeli enemy patrol crossed the line of withdrawal by a distance of some 50 metres in a vain attempt to abduct the shepherd As'ad Hamdan. They took his herd of some 120 head of goats into occupied territory. At 1600 hours, the enemy released the herd and the owner retrieved it.
20 July 2014	–	In the locality of Wazzani, a Lebanese Army patrol found a projectile of an unknown type and calibre that had been fired from occupied territory. The projectile made a 10-centimetre hole in the wall of a barn belonging to Ahmad Khalid Diyab. The remains of two 155-mm flare shells were found at the same location, near the barn.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
21 July 2014	0900 1640	Inside occupied Palestinian territory, between points B37 and B39 opposite the town of Rumaysh, the Israeli enemy used three wheeled bulldozers, two excavators and a steamroller to repair the dirt road along the technical fence. The arm of one of the excavators crossed the technical fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
	1630	While an Israeli enemy patrol was travelling within occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the Kafr Killa-Udaysah road, a soldier fired his personal weapon at the house of the civilian Muhammad Ahmad, within Lebanese territory. Three bullets hit the house; only material damage was caused.
22 July 2014	1330 1400	Inside occupied Palestinian territory, the Israeli enemy used two excavators and three bulldozers to repair the dirt road between points B37 and B38, opposite the town of Rumaysh. They were protected by a Merkava tank, which trained its gun on a Lebanese Army patrol.
23 July 2014	0930	While a shepherd was grazing his herd of some 120 head of goats on the outskirts of Shab'a town – Jabal al-Shahl, near observation point OP2 of the Indian contingent, an Israeli enemy patrol opened fire on the herd near the line of withdrawal and took possession of it. At 1030 hours, they released the herd, which returned into Lebanese territory.
28 July 2014	1030 1600	Inside occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ayta al-Sha'b between points BP12-1 and BP13, the Israeli enemy used an excavator and a truck to repair the dirt road along the technical fence. The arm of the excavator crossed the fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
29 July 2014	2030	On the outskirts of Shab'a town, near observation point OP4 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL, an Israeli enemy patrol crossed the line of withdrawal by some 20 metres and abducted the shepherd Isma'il Nab'ah. The latter had been awaiting the return of his herd, which had been seized by enemy forces at 1230 hours on the same date. He was released on 30 July 2014 at 2250 hours at Ra's al-Naqurah.
	0830 1620	Inside occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ayta al-Sha'b, the Israeli enemy used an excavator and a truck to repair the dirt road along the technical fence. The arm of the excavator crossed the fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
	2140 2142	From its position at the Zar'it barracks, the Israeli enemy directed a searchlight towards the Lebanese Army positions of Tarbikha and Jabal Balat.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
30 July 2014	0800 0900	Inside occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Ayta al-Sha'b, the Israeli enemy used an excavator to repair the dirt road along the technical fence. The arm of the excavator crossed the technical fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
	0930	Inside occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Aytarun between points BP23-1 and B65, the Israeli enemy used a wheeled bulldozer; two excavators, one of which was mounted with a jackhammer; and two steamrollers to repair the dirt road along the technical fence. The arm of the excavator with the jackhammer crossed the technical fence several times, without crossing the Blue Line.
	1500 1524	Israeli enemy forces used an excavator to clear grasses around the technical fence opposite the town of Aytarun, between points B53 and BP24. The arm of the excavator crossed the Blue Line four times.

Sea violations

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
13 July 2014	2235	From its position off Ra's al-Naqurah, the Israeli enemy directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters for 30 seconds, some 400 metres from the coastline.

Air violations

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
1 July 2014	0655	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Baalbek and Riyaq before leaving at 1230 hours over Naqurah.
2 July 2014	0545	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Baalbek, Riyaq, Jubayl, Kasrawan and Matn before leaving at 1400 hours over Kafr Killa.
	0910	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek, Zahlah and Beirut and its suburbs before leaving at 1800 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
3 July 2014	1215	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs before leaving at 1425 hours over Naqurah.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
6 July 2014	2040	Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over Lebanese regional waters off Ra's al-Naqurah, releasing decoy flares.
7 July 2014	2100 2140	Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over Lebanese regional waters off Ra's al-Naqurah, releasing decoy flares.
8 July 2014	0915	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Juniyah. It circled over Juniyah, Jubayl and Batrun before leaving at 1000 hours over the sea off Juniyah heading west.
9 July 2014	1210	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Hasbayya and Marj Uyun before leaving on 10 July 2014 at 1755 hours over Ra's al-Naqurah.
10 July 2014	0025	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over the South before leaving at 0340 hours over Rumaysh.
	1100	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1230 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1300	Two Israeli enemy firefighting planes violated Lebanese airspace, entering off Markaba.
11 July 2014	1210	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over the South before leaving on 12 July 2014 at 0810 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
13 July 2014	1050	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Sidon, Tyre and Nabatiyah before leaving at 1630 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1105	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1245 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	2040	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Tyre. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 2145 hours over Naqurah.
14 July 2014	1615	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over the South before leaving at 2220 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
15 July 2014	0845	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over the South before leaving on 16 July 2014 at 0815 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
16 July 2014	0815	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Riyaq and Baalbek before leaving at 1910 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1910	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 2055 hours over Kafr Killa.
	2320	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving on 17 July 2014 at 0815 hours over Kafr Killa.
17 July 2014	1855	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving at 2355 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
18 July 2014	1440	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving at 2235 hours over Kafr Killa.
19 July 2014	0530	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving at 2025 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1825	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving on 20 July 2014 at 0200 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
20 July 2014	0150	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South, Riyaq, Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving at 1710 hours over Naqurah.
	1530	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Riyaq and Baalbek before leaving at 1930 hours over Kafr Killa.
	2025	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Riyaq and Baalbek before leaving at 1930 hours over Kafr Killa.
21 July 2014	0905	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Baalbek, Hirmil and Riyaq before leaving at 2035 hours over Naqurah.
	1910	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Baalbek, Hirmil and Riyaq before leaving on 22 July 2014 at 0300 hours over Naqurah.
22 July 2014	0630	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over Baalbek, Hirmil, Riyaq and the South before leaving at 2300 hours over Kafr Killa.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
	2100	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek, Hirmil and the South before leaving on 23 July 2014 at 1330 hours over Kafr Killa.
23 July 2014	1200	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek, Hirmil and the South before leaving on 24 July 2014 at 0715 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
24 July 2014	0700	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over all regions of the South before leaving at 0920 hours over Naqurah.
	0910	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Shikka, Juniyah, Al-Arz, Baalbek, Riyaq, Hirmil and Tripoli before leaving at 1830 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1055	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1230 hours over Naqurah.
	2200	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Hirmil, Baalbek, Riyaq and the South before leaving on 25 July 2014 at 1430 hours over Kafr Killa.
25 July 2014	0920	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving at 2015 hours over Rumaysh.
	1845	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek, Hirmil and the South before leaving on 26 July 2014 at 0800 hours over Kafr Killa.
	2200	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Hirmil, Riyaq and Baalbek before leaving at 1430 hours over Kafr Killa.
26 July 2014	0725	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek, Hirmil and the South before leaving on 27 July 2012 at 0515 hours over Kafr Killa.
27 July 2014	0325	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving at 1315 hours over Kafr Killa.

Date	*Time*	*Nature of violation*
	1520	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and the South before leaving on 28 July 2014 at 0815 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
28 July 2014	0750	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over the western Bekaa and the South before leaving at 1715 hours over the occupied Shab'a Farms.
	1850	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Aytarun. It circled over the South before leaving on 29 July 2014 at 2145 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
29 July 2014	1020	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs and the districts of Kasrawan, Jubayl and Batrun before leaving at 1630 hours over Rumaysh.
	2125	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Nabatiyah, Jazzin, Hasbayya and Marj Uyun before leaving on 30 July 2014 at 1515 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
30 July 2014	1010	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over Riyaq, Baalbek and the South before leaving on 31 July 2014 at 0310 hours over Rumaysh.
	1040	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1230 hours over Rumaysh.
31 July 2014	0700	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving at 1415 hours over Rumaysh.
	0930	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Killa. It circled over the South, Riyaq and Baalbek before leaving on 1 August 2014 at 0750 hours over Rumaysh.